

Lecture 08/24/23 Intro to Functions

Recall: A relation is a collection of pairs of numbers (a, b)

Defn: A function is a relation where each x-coord (input) is related to exactly one y-coord (output)

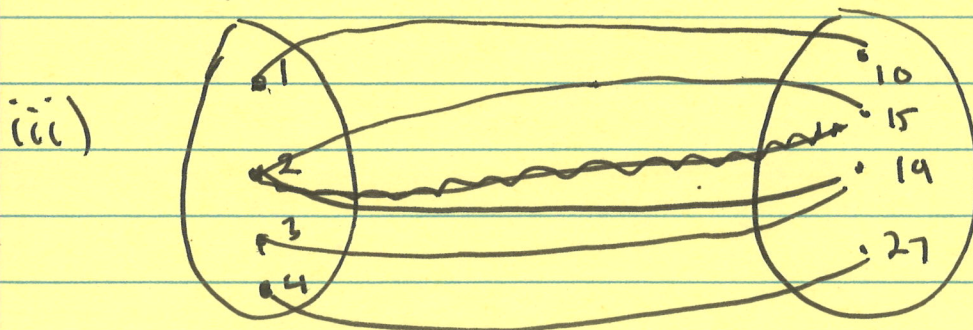
Ex: Determine if the ~~below~~ following relations define a function.

i) $\{(2, 7), (5, -4), (-3, 1), (5, 2)\}$ No! 5 relates to -4 and 2

ii)

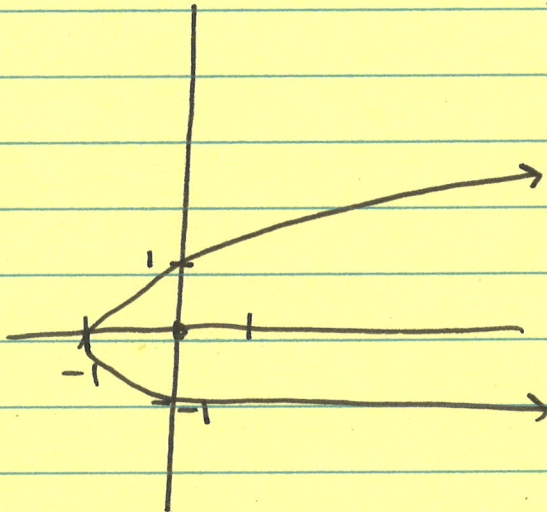
x	y
-2	4
-1	4
1	4
6	4

Yes! no input is related to more than one output (even though the output is always 4).



No! 2 is related to 15 and 19

Ex: Decide whether the relation below is a function and give its domain and range



$$D: [-1, \infty)$$

$$R: (-\infty, \infty)$$

Not a function!

0 relates to 1 and -1.

Will talk about more.

Function Notation: A function is usually written

$$f(x) = y$$

↗ name of function ↑ input ↑ output

We say y is a function of x

Defn We call x the ind. variable and y the dep. variable

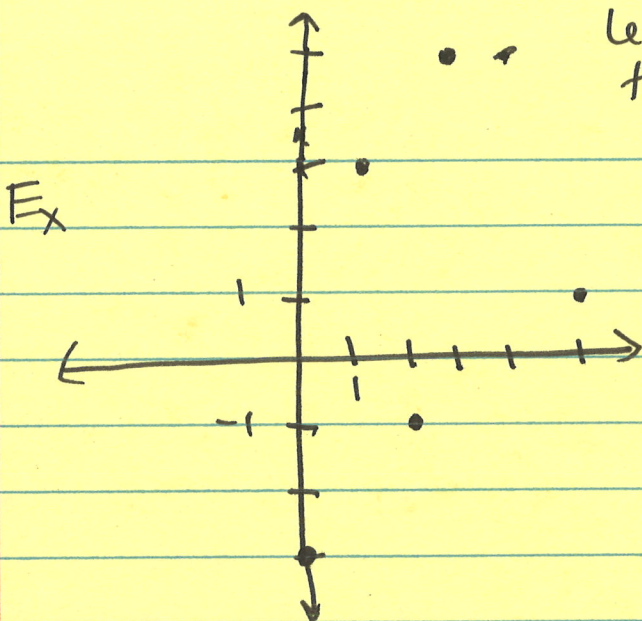
Ex: $f(x) = 3x - 7$

$$f(-8) = 3(-8) - 7 = -24 - 7 = \boxed{-31}$$

Ex: Given

x	$g(x)$
1	1
2	4
8	2
9	3

$$\boxed{g(8) = 2}$$



Let $h(x)$ be represented by the graph.

When

For what values of x
does $h(x) = 5$

$$x = 3, x = 4$$